## **MCCRACKEN AG NEWS**





Chacup Moffitte

#### **Meet the New Agent**

Hello everybody! My name is Gracey Moffitt and I am the new Ag agent here in McCracken County. I am very blessed to have been chosen to take on this position and I am so excited to see what all the future holds!

**Programming Survey** 

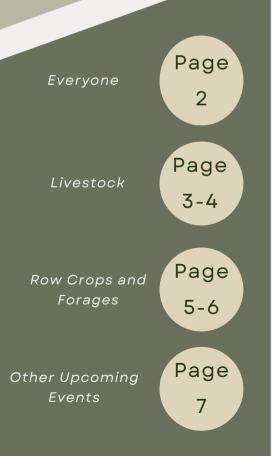
I am brainstorming different ideas for various programs, classes, and events to make available for all of McCracken County to come and enjoy! I have a survey linked to the QR code below, please scan with the camera on your phone and it will take you to the survey link to fill out. This survey will help me come up with ideas for programming! You can also find the survey under the Agriculture and Natural resources tab on our website - mccracken.ca.uky.edu. If you ever have any questions, feel free to reach out by calling or coming up to the office and I would be more than happy to help!





Paducah, KY 42001

Martin-Gatton College of Agriculture,



# **Ag & Natural Resources Events and News for Everyone**



All About Eagles

Join LBL (Land between the Lakes) conservationists as they share the conservation history of eagles and offer tips for successful local eagle watching! 続

**Two Chances:** 

February 21st 10:00am Marshall County Extension Office 1933 Maufield Hwu Benton, KY 42025

February 26th 5:30pm McCracken County Extension Office 2025 New Holt Rd Paducah, KY 42001

Cooperative **Extension Service** 





Come join us on February 26th here at the McCracken County **Extension Office to learn** about Eagles and how to become an expert Eagle watcher!



**McCracken County Cooperative Extension** Like and follow us on Facebook for updates about programs and events!

Know someone who would be interested in my newsletter? Have them contact Carla Wilkey at carla.wilkey@uky.edu or call the office at 270-554-9520 to be put on the mailing list!

### **YAIP Application is Open!**

Like CAIP, the Youth Agricultural Incentives Program is offered to provide financial assistance in a cost share format. This program is for youth to apply for project funding. Applications are found at the McCracken Co. Extension Office and the Soil Conservation District Office. For more information call me at the extension office or the Soil Conservation District at 270-408-1244.

# Livestock Events and News

#### Tips to Stretch Short Hay Supplies

Dr. Jeff Lehmkuhler, PhD, PAS, Beef Extension Professor, University of Kentucky

Below are a few tips to consider stretching limited hay supplies. For additional information contact your local Extension agent. It is recommended to consult with your feed nutritionist or County ANR Agent before making drastic changes in your feeding program.

1)**Inventory hay** – know how much hay you available; weigh a few bales to get an average weight or estimate the weights based on available information from Extension publications.

2)**Minimize storage losses** – keep hay off the ground on a surface that will allow water to drain away; keep bales covered or stored inside a barn; if bale grazing limit the number of bales placed in the field to provide 2-4 weeks of feeding to reduce weathering losses.

3)Reduce feeding loss – consider minimizing feeding losses; using hay rings with skirts / metal on the bottom, tapered ring designs, chains to suspend bales, or cone inserts to keep hay inside the feeder has been proven to reduce hay feeding losses compared to hay rings with openings at the bottom; using an electrified temporary poly-wire placed down the center of unrolled hay will reduce losses from cows laying on the hay, trampling it into the mud, and defecating on the hay; feeding processed hay into a bunk or large industrial tire reduces waste compared to feeding processed hay on the ground.

4)**Cull** - consider selling less productive females, open cows, and cows with structural/functional issues to reduce the number you must over winter; consider selling the bull as the market may provide the opportunity to sell a mature bull and replace him with a younger bull next spring.

5)**Limit time access to hay** – research has shown dry cows in mid-gestation can be maintained on good quality hay when they have restricted access time to only 6-8 hours a day; the hay savings comes from less waste as feeding behavior is altered; all cows must be able to access hay at any given time; this is not recommended young or thin cows, lactating cows or growing animals.

6)**Substitute hay with grain** - calories and protein can be provided from supplements; grain/commodity mixes can be used to replace hay; cows can be maintained on a low hay diet by using grain supplementation that balances the nutrient supply and animal requirements; consult a nutritionist before making extreme feeding changes.

7)**Deworm young animals** – animals with an internal parasite burden will have reduced efficiency.

8)**Feed an ionophore** – if grain supplementation will be used, consider adding an ionophore to increase the energy efficiency of the feed consumed. Consult your nutritionist to discuss inclusion rates and developing a supplement program. Previous work has shown that feeding 200 mg of monensin allowed cows to maintain body condition on 10-15% less hay.

### **Cattle Market Notes Weekly**

Josh Maples



Kenny Burdine University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, Food and Environment Cooperative Extension Service

Subscribe to the Cattle Market Notes Weekly Newsletter and find other beef related articles by going to the UK Beef Center of Excellence under Current Market Information https://bce.ca.uky.edu/economics/currentmarket-information

#### It's KY Lamb Month!

It has been announced by our new Ag Commissioner Jonathon Shell that his office is working with the Kentucky Sheep and Goat Development Office for a social media campaign. This campaign is to help KY lamb producers to get the word out about their operation and connect them with consumers. You can find more about this campaign on his Facebook along with using the hashtag #2024KYLamb.



# Livestock



### UK BEEF MANAGEMENT WEBINAR SERIES

If you are interested and would like to be registered send an email to **dbullock@uky.edu** with Beef Webinar Series in the Subject and your name and county in the message to receive a Zoom link and password. You will receieve an invitation and password the morning of the presentation.

### JOIN OUR MEETING •••• • 8:00PM EST/ 7:00PM CST

### **TUESDAY, JANUARY 9**

Dr. Perry joins us and presents on "Management decisions that impact reproductive efficiency in beef heards."



Dr. George Perry Texas A&M University

### **TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 13**

Dr. VanValin will be covering "What's the Cost of Cheap Mineral".



If you have any questions or need additional information please email dbullock@uky.edu. If you are already registered you will get a Zoom invitation the morning of each session with the link and password.



Dr. Katie VanVanlin University of Kentucky

## Row Crops & Forages Events and News

#### Six easy steps to maximize your pasture success with clover frost seeding

Source: Jimmy Henning, plant and soil science professor

Kentucky's weather conditions are predictably unpredictable. During the Kentucky Forage and Grassland Council assembly in November, board members discussed a possible shift in optimal timing for frost seeding clover -- broadcasting red clover into winter wheat just before green-up -- due to the increasingly milder winters.

The advantages of cultivating clover are substantial, encompassing natural nitrogen fixation, and enhanced forage quality and yield. Particularly noteworthy is recent U.S. Department of Agriculture research indicating that red clover can significantly mitigate the vasoconstrictive effects of toxic endophyte tall fescue, making it an exceptionally valuable crop.

Frost seeding is a preferred establishment method due to its minimal equipment requirements. Typically, a small spinner seeder attached to a tractor or four-wheeler is all you would need for seed distribution. Red and/or white clover are well-suited for frost seeding as they exhibit rapid germination, shade tolerance, and vigorous root and shoot development in their seedling stages. Their small, smooth seeds are readily incorporated into the top quarter inch of soil through natural weather patterns or animal movement.

Despite the numerous advantageous clover traits are for establishment, it is crucial to adhere to the fundamental requirements of forage establishment, even in low-input methods like frost seeding. These essentials include:

- 1. Conduct soil analysis and apply necessary nutrients. Clovers thrive in soil with a pH of 6.5 to 7 and medium to high levels of phosphorus and potassium. Nitrogen should only be added when diammonium phosphate is required for phosphorus provision.
- 2. Choose a high-quality variety. Opt for an improved variety with established performance and genetics. Selecting a superior red clover variety can yield up to three tons more hay per acre and extend the stand's lifespan compared to common, unclassified seeds. The University of Kentucky provides extensive yield data and persistence of white and red clover varieties for hay and pasture, available at <a href="http://forages.ca.uky.edu/variety\_trials">http://forages.ca.uky.edu/variety\_trials</a>. It is advisable to check with seed suppliers to see if your favorite variety is available.
- 3. Apply an adequate quantity of seed. Typical seeding rates range from 8 to 12 pounds of red clover and one to two pounds of white/ladino clover per acre. A reduced rate, such as six pounds of red and one pound of white clover, still results in over 55 seeds per square foot (37 red and 18 white).
- 4. Ensure seed contact with bare soil. Removing excess grass or thatch, revealing bare ground, is imperative before overseeding. A major cause of frost seeding failures is excessive ground cover. Farmers can achieve bare soil exposure through controlled cattle movement or mechanically using a chain harrow.
- 5. Achieve optimal seed-soil contact. Frost seedings rely on precipitation and the freeze-thaw cycle to integrate clover seeds into the top quarter inch of soil. Utilizing a corrugated roller post-seeding can further enhance soil contact.
- 6. Manage competition the following spring. Avoid additional nitrogen application on overseeded fields. Be prepared for timely mowing to control grass or weed overgrowth above the clover. Although clover seeds are inherently vigorous, controlling competition can expedite and improve establishment.

With careful attention to soil fertility, variety selection, seeding rate, seed placement and competition management, clover can be successfully frost seeded into existing grass pastures. For more information contact the McCracken County Cooperative Extension office.

Pesticide Licensing and Trainings: I am currently working on getting my own pesticide license so I can give out the tests and conduct trainings. I will release testing and training dates as soon as I can. You are also welcome to go to any of the other surrounding extension offices trainings. The dates are listed on their websites and Facebook. If you have any questions, please feel free to call the office or email

me at gracey.moffitt@uky.edu.

## **Row Crops & Forages**



6

### **Upcoming Office Events** 4 4

### 2024 FEBRUARY EVENTS (OPEN TO ALL UNLESS NOTED)

#### Feb 1st

10:00am Needlework 1:00pm Crochet Alley & Knit Row 6:30pm 4-H Robotics Elem Team

#### Feb 3rd 9:00am 4-H Sewing Pre-registration required

#### Feb 5th

6:00pm 4-H Robotics MS Team

#### Feb 6th 9:00am Game Day ages 18+ 9:00am Adult Sewing

5:00pm Toolbox: Electric Canning \*10:00am Canned to Cooked call Family Services Society 270-433-4838\*

#### Feb 7th

10:00am Paint Fan Dance for ages 18+

### Feb Sth

1:00pm Beading Circle 6:30pm 4-H Robotics Elem Team

#### Feb 9th

9:30am Homemaker International Day

#### Feb 10th

9:00am 4-H Sewing Pre-registration required

#### Feb 12th

10:00am Quilting Club 11:00am District Board Meeting 6:00pm<sup>4</sup>-H Robotics MS Team

Feb. 13th 9:00am How to make a King Cake Class-Pre-Registration Reguired \*10:00am Canned to Cooked call Family Ser-

#### vices Society 270-433-4838\*

#### Feb 14th

10:00am Tech Class-Learn the Basics of Google Docs



#### Feb 15th

9:00am Game Day 10:00am Needlework 6:30pm 4-H Robotics Elem Team

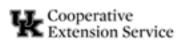
#### Feb 16th

9:30am Arts & Crafts-Sashiko 5.00pm CPR Course Pre -Registration Reguired

Feb 17th 9:00am 4-H Sewina Pre-registration Re-quired

#### Feb 19th

9:00am Heirloom Sewing Class 1:30pm Basic Sewing Ages 18+ 2:00pm Four Rivers Home School & Clover Buds 6:00pm 4-H Robotics MS Team



#### Feb 20th

9:30am Bags of Love \*10:00am Laugh & Learn at the McCracken Co Library (Teaching Caregivers -How to teach children kindergarten readiness skills \*10:00am Canned to Cooked call Family Services Society 270-433-4838\* 11:00am Interracial Women's Group

#### Feb 21st

9:00am Scrapbooking 11:00am Paint Fan Dance ages 18+

#### Feb 22nd

1:00pm Beading Circle 6:30pm 4-H Robotics Elem Team

#### Feb 26th

6:00pm 4-H Robotics MS Team 5:30pm All About Eagles

9:00am Adult Sewing \*10:00am Canned to Cooked call Family Services Society 270-433-4838\*

#### mccracken.ca.uky.edu



\*Off-Site\* Times & Dates are Subject to Change Call (270) 554-9520 for more information on any event.

#### Cooperative Extension Service

Agriculture and Natural Resources Family and Consumer Sciences 4-H Youth Development nity and Econom

#### MARTIN-GATTON COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE, FOOD AND ENVIRONMENT

Educational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extension serve all people regardless of economic or social status and will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, ethnic origin, national origin, creed, religion, political belief, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity perioder expression, pregnancy, markol status, genetic indermation, age, veteran status, physical or mental disability or reprint or restalation for prior civil rights activity. Reasonable accommodation of disability may be evaluable with prior notion. Frogram information may be made available in languages other than English. University of Kensucky, Kensucky State University, U.S. Department of Agriculture, and Kensucky Counties, Cooperating. elation of disability





# **Recipe of the Month**





### Spinach and Mushroom Quiche

tablespoon olive oil
cups chopped spinach
cups chopped mushrooms
medium yellow onion, chopped
teaspoon crushed red pepper flakes
teaspoon garlic powder

#### 8 large eggs

- 1 cup shredded Colby-Jack cheese 1 cup skim milk
- 4 tablespoons melted butter
- 2 (9-inch) unbaked pie shells
- 4 tablespoons grated parmesan cheese

Preheat oven to 400 degrees F. In a medium skillet, heat the olive oil. Add the spinach, mushrooms, onion, red pepper flakes, and garlic powder. Cook over medium heat for 8 minutes. In a mixing bowl, beat the eggs until smooth. Stir in the Colby-Jack cheese, milk, cooked mixture, and melted butter until evenly blended. Divide the mixture between the two uncooked pie crusts. Sprinkle parmesan cheese on top. Bake in preheated oven for 15 minutes at 400 degrees F. Reduce the oven temperature to 350 degrees F and bake an additional 30 to 35 minutes. Quiche will be rich golden brown, and a knife inserted in the center will come out clean. **Cool** slightly before serving. **Serve** warm.

Yield: 12 servings; serving size is 1/6th of one quiche. Recipe makes two quiche.

Nutritional Analysis: 280 calories; 19g total fat; 9g saturated fat; 0g trans fat; 150mg cholesterol; 330mg sodium; 19g carbohydrate; 0g dietary fiber; 2g total sugars; 0g added sugars; 9g protein; 6% DV Vitamin D; 10% DV Calcium; 6% DV Iron; 4% DV Potassium.

# Kentucky Spinach

SEASON: May through June and September through November

NUTRITION FACTS: One cup serving of raw spinach has 10 calories. Packed with vitamins that promote health, it is a major source of vitamins A and C. It is also a good source of calcium.

SELECTION: Look for bright green leaves that are fresh, young, moist, and tender. Avoid coarse stems, injured, torn, dried, limp, or yellowed leaves. **STORAGE:** Store in the coldest part of the refrigerator for no more than two to three days.

#### PREPARATION: Wash in

lukewarm water in a large bowl. Remove any roots, rough ribs, and the center stalk if it is large or fibrous.

#### PRESERVING: Freezing:

Wash leaves and remove large stems. Blanch for 2 minutes, cool, drain, and package, leaving ½-inch headspace. Seal, label, and store up to one year in the freezer.

#### KENTUCKY SPINACH

Kentucky Proud Project County Extension Agents for Family and Consumer Sciences

University of Kentucky, Dietetics and Human Nutrition students March 2021

Source: FruitsAndVeggies.org

Buying Kentucky Proud is easy. Look for the label at your grocery store, farmers market, or roadside stand. http://plateltup.ca.uky.edu



Educational programs of Kentucky Cooperative Extension serve all people regardless of economic or social status and will not discriminate on the basis of race, color, ethnic origin, national origin, creed, religion, political belief, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, pregnancy, marital status, genetic information, age, veteran status, or physical or mental disability. For more information, contact your county's Extension agent for Family and Consumer Sciences or visit <u>www.uky.ag/fcs</u>



University of Kentucky College of Agriculture, Food and Environment Cooperative Extension Service